



Intermediate RPG
152-116

Chapter 11

Student Name	_____
Score	/ 10

1 point for each correct answer.

TRUE/FALSE. Write 'T' if the statement is true and 'F' if the statement is false.

- _____ 1. The Exfmt operation combines the features of Write and Read; it first writes a record to the screen and then waits for user input to that screen.
- _____ 2. A combined file supports both input and output, but as independent operations. You cannot update a combined file.
- _____ 3. Even though you cannot condition keywords, you can associate fields and literals with indicators to control whether the field or literal appears on the screen.
- _____ 4. The COMP keyword lets you specify a relational comparison to be made with the user's entered value to determine validity.
- _____ 5. The READ operation displays a screen and returns control to the program without waiting for user input.

MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question

- _____ 6. Two field-level keywords control the format of numeric output fields on the display.
- EDTCDE and MSGLOC.
 - EDTCDE and EDTWRD.
 - EDTWRD and CHAIN.
 - EDTWRD and KLIST.
- _____ 7. Which are the three allowable operations for screen I/O, all of which require an operand to designate a record format name:
- WRITE, READ, EDTWRD.
 - READ, WRITE, EXFMT.
 - READ, EDTWRD, EXFMT.
 - READ, EDTWRD, PRINT.
- _____ 8. A special 99-byte data structure that maps the indicators used by a display file is:
- indicator data structure.
 - data structure indicator.
 - DDS key level structure.
 - SQL data structure.

MSTC

- _____ 9. A field level keyword used for validity checking is:
- a. EDTCDE.
 - b. VALUES.
 - c. Range.
 - d. Check.
- _____ 10. This field level keyword determines the appearance of fields on the screen, can be used more than once for a given field, and can include more than one attribute with the same keyword.
- a. DSPATR.
 - b. ERRMSG.
 - c. COMP.
 - d. CUA.